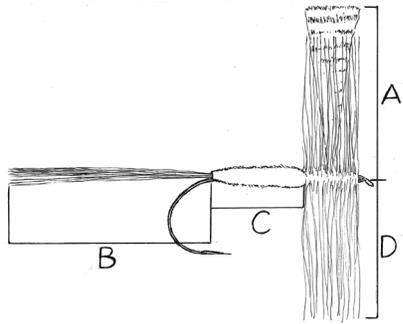
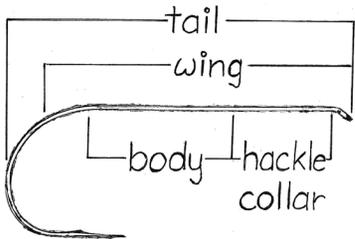




Traditional Dry Fly



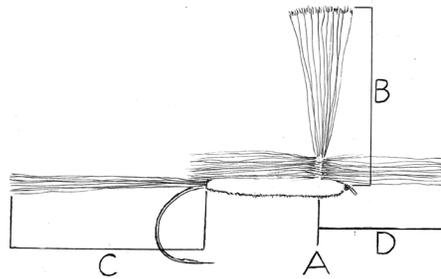
- A. Wing: tip of eye to mid-bend
- B. Tail: full hook length
- C. Body: up slightly past mid-shank
- D. Hackle Fiber Length: 1 1/2 to 2 times gape



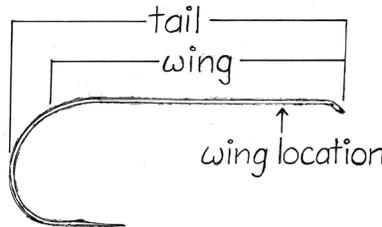
NOTE: Rough-water and hair-wing flies may have wider hackle-collars and shorter bodies than this.



Parachute Dry Fly



- A. Wing location: just past 3/4 up shank
- B. Wing: tip of eye to mid-bend
- C. Tail: full hook length
- D. Hackle Fiber Length: 1 1/2 to 2 times gape

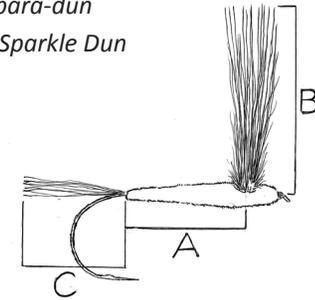


NOTE: Wings on parachute flies are sometimes shorter than this.

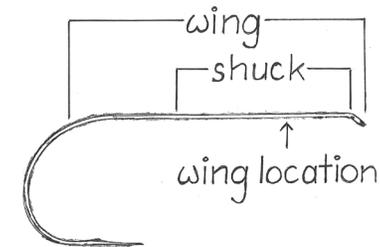


Compara-dun/Sparkle Dun

Photo: Compara-dun
Illustration: Sparkle Dun

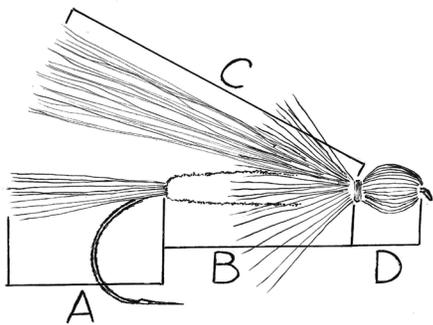


- A. Wing location: 3/4 up shank
- B. Wing: tip of eye to mid-bend
- C. Shuck: 1/2 to 3/4 shank (Sparkle Dun) or Tail: full hook length (Compara-dun)

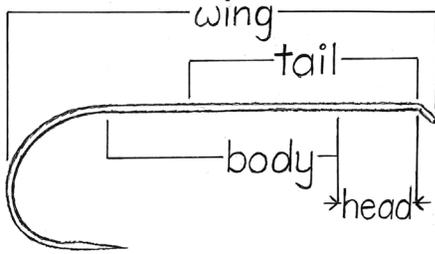




Stonefly Dry Fly



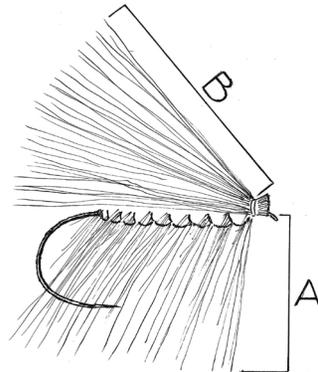
- A. Tail: 1/2 to 3/4 shank
- B. Body: about 3/4 shank
- C. Wing: about a full hook length
- D. Head: about 1/4 shank



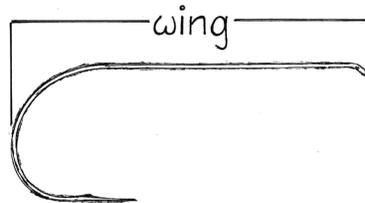
NOTE: Dry flies that imitate stonefly adults vary considerably in their proportions.



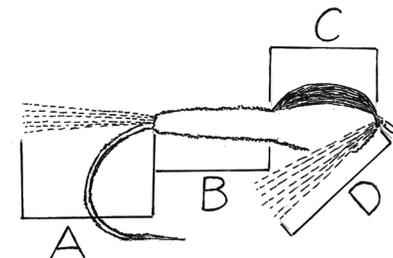
Caddis Dry Fly



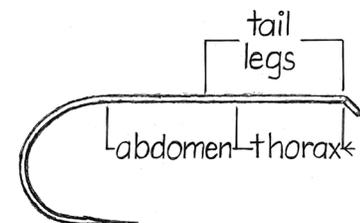
- A. Hackle Fiber Length: 1 1/2 to 2 times the gape
- B. Wing: full hook length or barely beyond the bend (or, once mounted, extending slightly past the bend)



Nymph

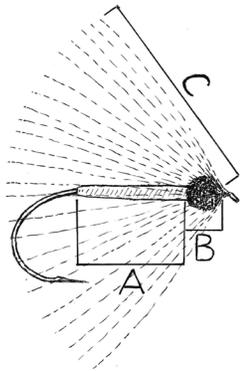


- A. Tail: 1/2 to 2/3 shank
- B. Abdomen: up slightly beyond mid-shank
- C. Thorax and Wing Case: slightly less than 1/2 shank
- D. Legs: 1/2 to 2/3 shank

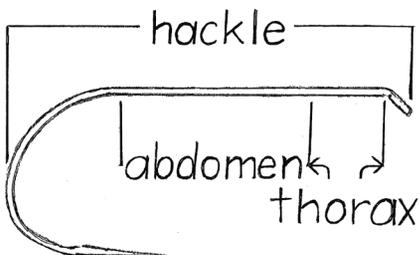




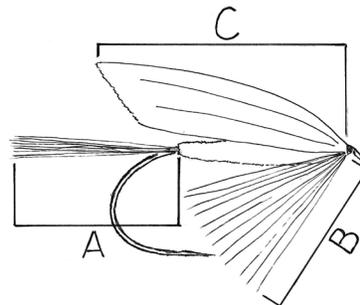
Soft-Hackled Fly



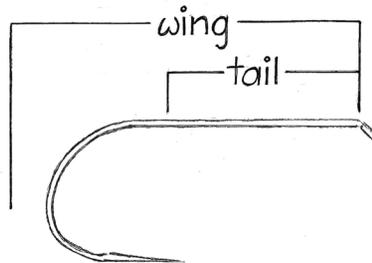
- A. Abdomen: 2/3 to 3/4 shank
- B. Thorax: 1/4 to 1/3 shank
- C. Hackle Fiber Length: up to full hook length



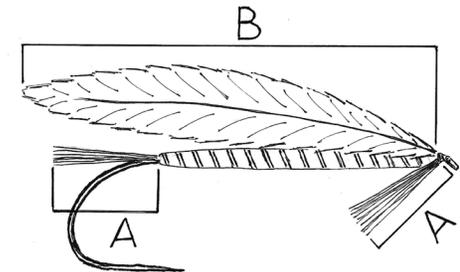
Wet Fly



- A. Tail: 3/4 shank to full hook length
- B. Hackle Fiber Length: 1 1/2 to 2 times gape
- C. Wing: extending to rear edge of bend or a bit beyond



Streamer



- A. Tail and Throat: gape or 1/3 body (or longer)
- B. Wing: up to 1 1/2 times shank

